Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement Information Package
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NGO DWE WAANGIZID ANISHINAABE
One Anishinaabe Family

Debenjiged gi'saan anishinaaben akling gilibi dgwong gaadeni mnidoo waadiziwin.  
(Creator placed the Anishinaabe on the earth along with the gift of spirituality.)

Shkode, nibi, aki, noodin, gilibi dgosdoonan wii naagdowendmang maanpi shkagmigaang.  
(Here on mother earth, there were gifts given to the Anishinaabe to look after, fire, water, earth and wind.)

Debenjiged gilib miinaan gechtwaag wendaagog Anishinaaben waa naagdoonjini ninda nilizhaaswi kiino maadwinan:  
(The Creator also gave the Anishinaabe seven sacred gifts to guide them. They are:)

Zaagidwini, Debwewin, Mnaadendmowin, Nbwakaawin, Dbaadendiziwin, Gwekwaadziwin miinwa Aakedhevin.  
(Love, Truth, Respect, Wisdom, Humility, Honesty and Bravery.)

Debenjiged klimlingona dedefinwe wii naagdowendwini.  
(Creator gave us sovereignty to govern ourselves.)

Ka mnaadendanaa gaabi zhiwebag miinwaa nango megwaa ezhwebag, miinwa geyaabi waa ni zhiwebag.  
(We respect and honour the past, present and future.)

Preamble to the Anishinaabe Chi-Naaknjewin (Anishinabek Nation Constitution)  
Adopted by the Anishinabek Grand Council - June 6, 2012
Boozhoo, Aaniin Kina Waya/Citizens of the Anishinabek Nation

After 24 years, the negotiations with Canada for the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement are now officially complete. Canada’s Crown and Indigenous Relations Minister Carolyn Bennett and I met on Friday, August 23, 2019, in the Baawating Traditional Territory (Sault Ste. Marie) to initial off the final draft of the Governance Agreement. It has been a very long time coming; I encourage you to take a very serious review of what this new era of possibility presents.

I am pleased to tell you that the updated vote period for the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement will be from February 1 to February 29, 2020. You will receive further information on the voting options in the Notice of Vote, which will be available prior to the start of the vote period.

Our Anishinabek Nation leaders requested the later date than what may have been previously targeted so that you, the citizens, can have additional time to learn more about the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement and what it will mean for you. Please take advantage of the information sessions that are happening throughout the Anishinabek territory so you are well informed on the agreement, the opportunity and the possibilities!

The Governance Negotiation Team has been meeting with Chiefs and Councils to inform them about the Governance Agreement and seek a Band Council Resolution (BCR) authorizing a vote. The deadline for BCRs is October 18, 2019. If you’re not sure whether your First Nation Leadership has submitted a BCR you can go to governancevote.ca or follow up with your Chief and Council.

As a citizen of the Anishinabek First Nations you have an integral, vital role and responsibility to consider this opportunity before you; to consider the real potential of restoring authority and responsibility back to community by creating your own election law with leadership criteria, creating new or enhancing and strengthening existing governance processes, and creating citizenship, language and culture laws.

It is not a complicated opportunity. Many communities are advancing their governance systems and processes to respond to the ever-changing challenges in the world we live in today. The Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement is a mechanism that will established recognized authority at the community level and beyond and ensure accountability rests with you and no one else as it relates to your recognized law-making powers in the four areas of which this agreement provides.

The Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement provides a rare opportunity for recognition of your community law-making authority in the following key areas:

HEAD OFFICE: NIPISSING FIRST NATION
1 Migizii Miikan, P.O. Box 711 | North Bay, ON P1B 8J8 | Ph: 705-497-9127 | Fax: 705-497-9135 | 1-877-702-5200
info@anishinabek.ca | www.anishinabek.ca | Anishinabek Nation | AnishNation
Elections and Governance: No matter your current method of doing elections for your leadership - Indian Act, Custom Codes, or Federal First Nations Elections Act - the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement presents a mechanism for change that we have not seen in our lifetime, or our parents lifetime. The authority to determine your own election law and determine stronger governance systems would rest with you and your community, no one else.

Citizenship Law: This has long been a tremendous concern for your leadership, community, and families. Even with the recently announced changes to the Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada Indian registration system, there is still the underlying intent by the state to eliminate status Indians and achieve assimilation. Many of our Anishinaabe children who are deemed ineligible for status are a part of our future generations and as such, we need to prepare to include all our children within our citizenship. Our blood flows through family, not federal legislation. We must determine who belongs to our community, not Canada. This opportunity is now before us to do just that.

Language Law: Significant effort is underway to reclaim, restore and revitalize Anishinabemowin (language), filling the void that was imposed on our people by government policy and interference. We take pride in our effort today. Creating community laws for language presents a greater opportunity to build on this effort to ensure Anishinabemowin is not in peril.

Cultural Laws: Reclaiming and proudly embracing our Anishinaabe ideal and restoring our way of knowing, our way of doing; our very identity as a proud Anishinaabe is absolutely fundamental to our future. We need to strengthen our cultural attachment, if this is aided through law-making as determined by community, then it will be a welcome and timely commitment to ensure a solid future as Anishinaabe.

Could embracing the responsibility of creating our own laws we recognize and adhere to, have the added benefit of fostering hope? Hope is an absolute necessity to overcome the level of despair, apathy, and disunity that appears to be gaining ground. The cost of doing nothing is significant. There are no other alternatives that anyone is advancing beyond the status quo.

We need to restore our governance systems to what they were meant to be – our systems and processes drew their strength and unity from the people in an organized way – we can do this again - restoring elements that were once the foundation of vibrant and effective decision-making protocols.

There will be a significant amount of work ahead, of that there is no doubt. We need to believe in ourselves enough to organize our building blocks now so our future leaders have a foundation to attach their incredible capacity and capability to.

From February 1 – 29 2020, the choice is yours to make.

I encourage you to visit www.governancevote.ca. There is a toll-free Governance Agreement Information Line available if you wish to speak to someone directly. The toll-free number is 1-833-297-9850.

Nilgaan G'dizhaami (We are moving Forward).

Glen Hare (Gwiingos';
Anishinabek Nation Grand Council Chief

Cc: Anishinabek Nation Chiefs and Councillors
NEGOTIATIONS HISTORY


WHAT DOES GOVERNANCE MEAN?

- “Governance” simply means the structures and processes used to “govern”, for example, the “structure” is the Chief and Council itself who make decisions on behalf of their citizens/electors.
- The “processes” simply refers to how Chiefs and Councils make decisions such as its law-making procedures.

WHY IS GOVERNANCE IMPORTANT?

- Helps ensure better decision-making and outcomes for the community through stability of processes and structures.
- Shows potential business partners stability and certainty when it comes to investment decisions with First Nations.

LAWS RECOGNIZED IN THE AGREEMENT

- Leadership Selection: The right to pass election laws that reflect the way citizens want to select their leaders.
- Language and Culture: The recognition of the right to pass laws to promote and protect the use of the Anishinaabe language and the practice of ceremonial opening and conduct of meetings.
- Citizenship: The right to choose who citizens are and what rights, privileges and responsibilities come with that citizenship.
- The Management and Operations of Government: Recognition of the right to develop laws such as Financial Management Acts.

IMPORTANT POINTS

- The Governance Agreement opens the door to future discussion/negotiations on lands, health, justice etc., as determined by the First Nations who ratify the Agreement if they so choose.
- Section 87 (tax exemption) under the Indian Act will remain.
- The Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement recognizes the inherent right of our First Nations to govern themselves in relation to matters integral to their unique culture, identity, traditions, languages and institutions with respect to their special relationship to the lands and resources.

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Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement
OVERVIEW

INTERGOVERNMENTAL FORUM

• The Governance Agreement establishes a new "Intergovernmental Forum" between the Anishinabek First Nations who ratify and the Government of Canada. The Forum will provide for the establishment of a new government-to-government relationship to address matters of concern to our First Nations. No other self-government agreement has this provision.

GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE

• The Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement will recognize the Anishinabek Nation and Anishinabek First Nations as governments, with the same legal status and capacities of other Governments. Under the Indian Act, there is no mention of legal status of First Nations (Indian Bands) and the capacity to enter into contracts and hold land in their own names.

• The Anishinabek Nation Government will be made up of the First Nations who ratify the Governance Agreement. They will decide what laws to pass at the Anishinabek Nation level. First Nation laws will take precedence over laws passed at the Anishinabek Nation level. The corporate body, The Union of Ontario Indians, will not be the government.

• Collective priorities of the member First Nations who make up the Anishinabek Nation Government will determine its direction.

RATIFICATION VOTE

A ratification vote on the Governance Agreement will be held February 1, 2020 to February 29, 2020. Options for voting:

• E-voting
• Mail-in ballots
• In-person voting

NEW FISCAL FRAMEWORK

• Funding Agreements will contain substantially more money for governance-related functions. The funding agreements will be for longer terms, five years with renewals.

• The additional money can be used to offset costs related to elections, government operations, citizenship laws and community engagement.

OWN SOURCE REVENUE

• Own Source Revenue is in a moratorium (suspended) until further notice as stated by Crown-Indigenous Relations Minister Carolyn Bennett in November 2018.

For more information please visit: governancevote.ca
Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement

BENEFITS

By approving the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement:

- First Nations can incorporate more Anishinaabe language and cultural practices into self-governance.
- First Nations can determine who their citizens are and their related responsibilities.
- First Nations will be legally recognized as governments that have the power to pass their own governance laws.
- First Nations can set longer terms in office for Chiefs and Councils.
- First Nations can determine who can run in elections and establish candidates' qualifications.
- First Nations can pass their own finance management laws, making them accountable to their citizens on their own terms.
- First Nations will receive an increase in funding provided by Canada for governance functions.
- First Nations will be removed from parts of the Indian Act that cover band lists, elections for Chief and Councils, council meeting procedures.
- The Anishinabek Nation (on behalf of First Nations who ratify) and Canada will form an intergovernmental forum to discuss matters of importance to First Nations.

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**Indian Act Governance**  
(WHAT WE CURRENTLY HAVE)

- Our First Nations are not recognized as legal entities under the Indian Act or even as governments.
- There is not enough funding provided by Canada for governance-related activities like holding our council meetings, committee meetings and running elections.
- Canada provides no funding to promote language and culture.

**Anishinabek Nation Governance**  
(WHAT WE CAN HAVE)

- Our First Nations will now be legally recognized as governments. Our leaders will be able to pass our own election laws, citizenship laws, language and culture laws and financial administration type laws.
- Chief and Council will receive more money from Canada for governance functions, including work we're already doing.
- Our First Nations can determine who our citizens are and what rights and responsibilities come with that citizenship.
- Chief and Council can pass financial management laws and not be forced to disclose information about salaries, honourariums and travel expenses to Canada. Chief and Council will still be accountable to their citizens.
- Our First Nations will be removed from parts of the Indian Act that cover band lists and Chief and Council elections and the Indian Band Council Procedure Regulations that prescribe how Chief and Council meetings must be conducted.

**Indian Act Elections**

- Chief and Council are limited to serve two (2) year terms under the Indian Act. This is not enough time for Councils to get their work done.
- The size of our Council is determined by the Minister and the Indian Act, not us.
- First Nation Custom Election Codes still need review and approval by Canada.

**Anishinabek Nation Governance Elections**

- Our First Nations can set longer terms in office so our Chiefs and Councils have enough time to finish the important work needed in our communities.
- Our First Nations can decide how they want to elect their government and set their own qualifications to run for office.

**Intergovernmental Forum**

- The Anishinabek Nation (on behalf of First Nations who ratify the Governance Agreement) and Canada will meet in an Intergovernmental Forum, which will establish a new government-to-government relationship on matters of concern to our First Nations. No other self-government agreement has this provision.

**governancevote.ca**
MORE MONEY

- Increased funding for much of the work we're already doing in our First Nations (governance) plus money to support language and culture development.

LANGUAGE & CULTURE

- The Anishinabek Nation Fiscal Agreement will provide more money to design laws and programs that will increase use of traditional language. Use of the Ojibway language is very low and likely to disappear in most Anishinabek First Nations, if it hasn't already.*
- The Anishinabek Nation Fiscal Agreement will provide more money to strengthen the use of our language and to learn more about traditional ways of governing ourselves (Clan-Dodemaag System). The number of Ojibway speakers in Anishinabek First Nations has declined by 60% in the last 20 years.**
- Building on Anishinabek traditions and culture will promote identity and unity. The Anishinabek Nation Fiscal Agreement will provide more money to make laws to promote and protect cultural practices such as ceremonies.

Sources


CITIZENSHIP

- Funding will support First Nations to decide who their citizens are and what responsibilities will come with that citizenship.
- Control of citizenship (currently known as “membership”) by First Nations means the ability to negotiate future agreements using citizenship instead of “Indian Status” as the basis for funding. This is the first step towards eliminating the divisive and discriminative influence of “status” in our lives.

GOVERNANCE & LEADERSHIP SELECTION

- Money will flow to First Nations through the central Anishinabek Nation Government. But the central government cannot hold back any funding.
- There will be more money for band support funding, band employee benefits, registry events and Indigenous Registry Administrators.
- The Anishinabek Nation Fiscal Agreement provides flexibility in how the money is spent with accountability to First Nations Citizens.
- There will be funding to support, if First Nations desire, synchronized elections and longer Chief and Council terms. That will create stability and allow more time for leaders to complete important work.
- Own Source Revenue (OSR) to remain in a moratorium indefinitely.

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Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement
IMPLEMENTATION PLAN OVERVIEW

The Implementation Plan for the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement is part of the Governance Agreement package.

The Implementation Plan contains steps recommended to make the Governance Agreement happen. It spreads the implementation out over a 10-year time frame, but is flexible.

The Implementation Plan breaks the Governance Agreement into manageable “projects” that include the enacting of language and culture laws and Initial governance laws [such as leadership selection, E'Dbendaagzijig (citizenship), financial administration].

The Implementation Plan is not an agreement and does not create any legal obligations.

There is implementation funding from Canada to assist with the costs of implementing the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement.

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ANISHINAABE CHI-NAAKNIGEWIN
TRADITIONAL GOVERNANCE

Ngo Dwe Waangizid Anishinaabe
(Guiding Principles)

Anishinaabe Chi-Naaknigewin

Anishinaabe Chi-Naaknigewin

Mukwag (Bear)
Cweskwawangwin (Honesty)

Maang (Loon)
Dzaaendiziiwin (Humility)

Wabizheshi (Marten)
Aakacherwin (Bravery)

Mshikesh (Turtles)
Nbwasaakwehwin (Wisdom)

Waaawashkesh (Deer)
Zaagidewin (Love)

Ajaak (Crane)
Maaadendamowin (Respect)

Migizii (Eagle)
Debwewin (Truth)
The Clan System is the traditional form of governance. Every clan has their own roles and purpose that relates to the greater good of the entire community.

**TRADITIONAL GOVERNANCE CLAN SYSTEM**

**DEER CLAN - SOCIAL**
The Deer/Hoof Clan is known for its kindness, gentle and soft-spoken nature. The Deer/Hoof clan is responsible for the social aspects of the community including ceremonies and celebrations.

**EAGLE CLAN - EDUCATION**
The Eagle Clan, also known as the Bird Clan, is known to be the closest to the Creator as it is part of the sky world. Eagle Clan members are the keepers of knowledge and responsible for spreading seeds of knowledge.

**CRANE CLAN - EXTERNAL GOVERNANCE**
The Crane stands in the water observing the world above the water line. The Crane observes the outside world and is known as the Outside Chief. The Outside Chief is responsible for negotiation with people from other communities (Nation-to-Nation).

**TURTLE CLAN - LAW MAKERS**
The Turtle Clan is responsible for mediation, justice, making laws and helping with decisions if there are disagreements between clans. Turtle Clan people are also healers and have knowledge of medicine.

**LOON CLAN - INTERNAL GOVERNANCE**
The loon dives and sees the happenings inside the water. The Loon Clan is known as the Inside Chief as it is responsible for settling disputes and issues within its community.

**BEAR CLAN - HEALTH**
The Bear Clan is responsible for protecting its people to ensure the safety of the gentler clans inside the community. Bear Clan members are also the medicine people as they know the healing ways of plants available to them.

**MARTEN CLAN - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**
Marten Clan members are the warriors and builders within their community as well as good hunters and providers. Marten Clan members are known as master strategists in planning the defense of their people. The Marten Clan also adopts people who don't know which clan they belong to.
7-POINTED STAR
DECISION MAKING PROCESS

BEAR
HEALTH
Aunties/Uncles

LOON
INTERNAL
Fathers

MARTEN
ED. DEV
Youth/Adoption

EASTERN
DOORWAY

DEER
SOCIAL
Grandmothers

TURTLE
JUSTICE
Law-Making
Cousins

CRANE
EXTERNAL
Mothers

EAGLE
EDUCATION
Grandfathers

BABIES

5

CHI-NAAKNIGEWIN
CLAN SYSTEM

3

2

6

7
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preamble</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ngo Dwe Waangizid Anishinaabe</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 1 - Interpretation; In this Law</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 2 - Official Languages of the Anishinabek Nation</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 3 - Citizenship of the Anishinabek Nation</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 4 - Principles of Government Structure of the Anishinabek Nation</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 5 - The Anishinabek Nation Law-Making Powers</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 6 - Anishinabek Nation E'Dbendaagzijig Participation and Consultation</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 7 - Institutions of the Anishinabek Nation Government</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 8 - Relationship of Laws</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 9 - Constitutional Amendment</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 10 - Admission of First Nations to the Anishinabek Nation</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Article 11 - Withdrawing of First Nations from the Anishinabek Nation</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Preamble

Ngo Dwe Waangizid Anishinaabe
One Anishinaabe Family

(Preamble to the Anishinaabe Chi-Naaknigewin — as adopted by the Grand Council in June 2011)

Debenjiged gii’saan anishinaaben akiing giibi dgwon gaadeni mnidoo waadiziwin.

Shkode, nibi, aki, noodin, giibi dgosdoonan wii naagdowendmang maanpii shkagnigaang.

Debenjiged gii miinaan gechtwaag wendaagog Anishinaaben waa naagdoonjin ninda niizhwaaswi kino maadwinan.

Zaagidwin, Debwewin, Mnaadendmowin, Nbwaakaawin, Dbaadendiziwin, Gwekwaadziwin miinwa Aakedhewin.

Debenjiged kiimiingona dedbinwe wi naagdowendiwin.

Ka mnaadendanaa gaabi zhiwebag miinwaa nango megwaa ezhwebag, miinwa geyaabi waa ni zhiwebag.
Ngo Dwe Waangizid Anishinaabe

The Anishinaabe Chi-Naaknigewin is founded on Ngo Dwe Waangizid Anishinaabe and forms the Traditional Government of the Anishinabek Nation, within the Inherent, Traditional, Treaty, and Unceded Lands of Our Territories.

The Anishinabek Chi-Naaknigewin is proclaimed by the Peoples identifying as the Anishinabek Nation, who in exercising their Sovereign, Inherent, and Treaty Rights, now establish and empower the Anishinabek Nation Government as their Traditional Government.

Article 1 – Interpretation; In this Law

1.1 “Anishinaabemowin” refers inclusively to all languages of the Peoples belonging to the Anishinabek Nation.

1.2 “Anishinabek Nation” refers to those First Nations who together have proclaimed and signed this Anishinaabe Chi-Naaknigewin and includes “Our Territories”

1.3 “Chi-Naaknigewin” refers to the written constitution of the Anishinabek Nation.

1.4 “Dodemaag” refers to the traditional Anishinaabe clan system of governing which is based on the Seven Sacred Gifts and informs the roles and responsibilities of the Dodemaag represented by: Deer, Eagle, Crane, Turtle, Loon, Bear, and Marten.

1.5 “E’Dbendaagzijig” refers to the citizens of the Anishinabek Nation, which are those people who are recognized as E’Dbendaagzijig by the Anishinabek First Nations or the Grand Council. In English, E’Dbendaagzijig translates to those who belong.

1.6 “Grand Council” refers to the law-making authority of the Anishinabek Nation and is comprised of a Grand Council Ogiimah, Deputy Grand Council Ogiimah(k) and a representative of each First Nation of the Anishinabek Nation, all of whom must be citizens of the Anishinabek Nation.

1.7 “Ngo Dwe Waangizid Anishinaabe” refers to the preamble of the Anishinabek Nation. In English, Ngo Dwe Waangizid Anishinaabe translates to One Anishinaabe Family.

1.8 “Our Territories” refers to the fire, water, earth, and wind of the inherent, traditional, treaty, and unceded lands of those First Nations identifying as the Anishinabek Nation.

1.9 “First Nation Resolution” refers to an official decision made by the Chief and Council of an individual First Nation.
Article 2 – Official Languages of the Anishinabek Nation

2.1 Our Language is Anishinaabemowin and English is a secondary language.

Article 3 – Citizenship of the Anishinabek Nation

3.1 Every person recognized as an E'Dbendaagzijig of an Anishinabek First Nation, or recognized, as E'Dbendaagzijig by the Grand Council, is an E'Dbendaagzijig of the Anishinabek Nation.

Article 4 – Principles of Government Structure of the Anishinabek Nation

4.1 The Anishinabek Nation Government shall be guided by the principles and way of life of the Seven Sacred Gifts given to Anishinaabe, namely: Love, Truth, Respect, Wisdom, Humility, Honesty, and Bravery.

Government Structure

4.1 The Anishinabek Nation Government shall be based on the Dodemaag system of governance.

4.2 The Anishinabek Nation Government will include the law-making authority, the Grand Council, an Elders’ Council, a Women’s Council, and a Youth Council, to advise the Grand Council.

4.3 The Anishinabek Nation Government will fulfill the roles and responsibilities of the Dodemaag, including the administration of the day-to-day operations of government and the administration of a system of justice.

Article 5 – The Anishinabek Nation Law-Making Powers

5.1 The Anishinabek Nation has the inherent right bestowed by the Creator to enact any laws necessary in order to protect and preserve Anishinaabe culture, languages, customs, traditions, and practices for the betterment of the Anishinabek.

5.2 The Grand Council shall enact Rules of Procedure to govern the Grand Council.
Article 6 – Anishinabek Nation E’Dbendaagzijig Participation and Consultation

6.1 The Anishinabek Nation Government will establish processes to ensure E’Dbendaagzijig participation and consultation in its law-making and policy procedures.

Article 7 – Institutions of the Anishinabek Nation Government

7.1 Through a decision of the Grand Council, the Anishinabek Nation Government has the authority to establish institutions for the administration of government.

Article 8 – Relationship of Laws

8.1 Anishinabek Nation laws and Anishinabek First Nation laws are equally operative; however, First Nation laws will take precedence.

Article 9 – Constitutional Amendment

9.1 The Anishinabek Nation Grand Council may propose an amendment by a majority decision and any proposed amendment(s) must be forwarded to the Elders’, Women’s and Youth Councils within 30 days.

9.2 After review by the Elders’, Women’s and Youth Councils, the Grand Council will consider the comments of the Elders’, Women’s and Youth Councils and decide whether to amend, withdraw or submit the proposed amendment to each Anishinabek First Nation community for approval.

9.3 If the Grand Council decides to proceed and submit the proposed amendment to each Anishinabek First Nation for approval, the Grand Council must obtain at least a majority approval by First Nation Council Resolution from the Anishinabek First Nations, in consultation with their citizens.

Article 10 – Admission of First Nations to the Anishinabek Nation

10.1 A First Nation may be admitted to the Anishinabek Nation by a decision of the Grand Council confirming the addition.

Article 11 – Withdrawing of First Nations from the Anishinabek Nation

11.1 A First Nation may withdraw from the Anishinabek Nation by way of a First Nation Resolution notifying Grand Council to the withdrawal.
On the Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement:

“We move forward to the day when we govern ourselves in our own way.”
Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement

TIMELINE

October 18th

BCR Deadline

February 1st to February 28th

Winter-Spring 2020

February 2020

Summer 2020

April 2021-22

Effective Date Target

Legislation Introduction Target

Transitional Activities

Planning for Signing Ceremony & Enabling Legislation

Community Engagement
Anishinabek Nation Governance Agreement

NEW VOTE PERIOD

February 1 - 29, 2020

☑ • mail-in-ballot
☑ • e-vote
☑ • in-person ballot

(Febr. 25 - 29 only)

governancevote.ca
Toll free: 1-833-297-9850
For More Information
Toll-free line - 1-833-297-9850

Facebook: Anishinabek Nation
Twitter: @AnishNation
Instagram: @anishinabeknation
YouTube: Anishinabek Nation

Restoration of Jurisdiction Department
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